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The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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A BRUTAL AFFAIR.

A Mob Tries to Extort a Confession From a Negro.

They Hang Him and Send Bullets Into His Body and Leave Him for Dead—He Revives.

MILAN, Tenn., January 26.—The town of Medon, on the Illinois Central railroad, was the scene of mob violence Tuesday morning. Saturday night Tom Butler, a countryman, came to town and while intoxicated, fell asleep on the depot platform. When he awoke $50 was missing from his pocket. A negro tramp, Lewis Newbern, was seen with the money and Tuesday night was taken out by a mob and given fifty lashes with raw hides, but refused to surrender the money, claiming that he was innocent. About midnight Newbern, half clad, crawled to the depot and begged to be admitted. He was hidden in the freight room by the operator. At 2 o'clock a mob of desperate men, composed of the country friends of Butler entirely, filled the platform, uttering curses and cries of:

"Bring out the black thief;" "hang the negro;" "burn him."

A demand was made upon the operator, Paul Pearce, to deliver up the negro. Pearce informed them that he would defend the man with his life, warning them not to attempt violence. Heavy iron rails were found near the track, and using them as battering rams, the frail door was burst in. Pearce fired several shots, but was made a prisoner and securely bound to prevent interference. The negro was jerked from his hiding place, but slipped from his captor's hand, and grasping a bar of iron, fought desperately for his life. Almost beaten into unconsciousness he was carried into the bottoms near the depot, a rope adjusted and the trembling, but defiant, negro was swung from a limb. He was let down and again asked to give up the money, but defiant to the last, bitterly cursed the mob and told them to do their worst. Again he was swung up and two bullets fired into his quivering flesh. He was then cut down and left for dead. A spark of life still lingered. The mutilated body lay half submerged in the slimy slush for two hours, when Newbern recovered consciousness and crawled to a cabin near the scene, where he remained during the night and is either in hiding among the negroes or has perished. The rope had cut a gash in his throat from which the blood spurted in streams. The people of the village were unaware of the tragedy until yesterday morning.

CRIMINAL SUIT ENDED.

The Men Who Attempted to Kill Judge Long Released.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan 26.—In section A. of the criminal district court yesterday, Judge J. C. Bauman and Dennis Richards, alias Richard Dennis Richards, colored, were placed on trial for the attempted assassination of Judge Henry Long, at Kenner, in the parish of Jefferson in May last. Several negroes were arrested for complicity in the affair, and one of those, Ed Dixon, was subsequently lynched at Kenner, under the very tree beneath which Judge Long was shot. After the list of witnesses had been called, Mr. Cunningham rose and stated to the court that he desired to have a nolle prosequie entered in the case of both of the accused. The nolle prosequie was ordered entered and the prisoners discharged.

KILLED HIS WIFE.

An Ohio Farmer's Horrible Deed Comes to Light.

DAYTON, Ohio. Jan. 26.—Coroner Clayton, of Miami county, held an inquest at West Charleston yesterday on the body of Mrs. Jefferson Shank, who was mysteriously murdered while asleep at her home last Saturday night. Her husband claimed the atrocious deed was done by robbers while he and his wife were asleep in the same bed. A large gathering of country people attended the trial yesterday and evidence was so strong and direct against Jefferson Shank, the murdered woman's husband, that he was sent to jail at Troy charged with murder in the first degree.

ESCAPE JAIL.

Ten Negroes Gain Freedom by Breaking the Doors.

UNION CITY, Tenn., Jan. 26.—At 10 o'clock last night ten negroes escaped from jail by wrenching a cage door from its hinges and using it in breaking a hole through the corridor. They then called to the colored porter to replenish the fire, and upon opening the jail door ran out, making their escape. No captures have been made.

BORROWING MONEY.

The Warren County Commissioners Fixing Up Cronkhit's Defalcations.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Jan. 26.—The commissioners of Warren county are borrowing money to extricate the county from the embarrassment caused by the treasurer, Cronkhit's, defalcations. Cronkhit has not returned and his place of concealment is still unknown to the public.

RESTORED TO PRIESTHOOD.

Rev. Father Adams Reinstated in His Office.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The Rev. Father Thomas Adams, the miracle worker of Williamsburg, who was suspended in 1878 by the late Bishop Loughlin, has made his peace with the new bishop, the Rt. Rev. Charles McDonnell. His priestly faculties will soon be restored. He will be allowed to say mass privately as soon as his confessor advises and will go to Keyser's island to make a retreat for ten days.

CHILIAN INDEMNITY.

The Decision of the Navy Department.

Some Excepting the Baltimore Sailors and Their Heirs Will Receive Any Part of the Money.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The navy department has refused to make payment of the Chilian indemnity to any one except the sailors of the Baltimore themselves and—in case of the two deceased sailors—to their legal heirs. As far as the department officials are concerned the beneficiaries will be under no obligations to pay attorney fees. The department considers the indemnity in the nature of a present to the injured sailors and not as the payment of the claims originally filed in the state department by San Francisco lawyers. The sum of $10,000 each is the amount recommended by the naval board to be allotted to the legal heirs of the two deceased sailors. This leaves the amount of $55,000 to be distributed among the other sailors. Whether the sailors who were imprisoned, but who did not receive any bodily injuries, will be included is a quession unsettled and it is this that is causing the delay in making the awards. Captain W. S. Schley is in the city to consult with the secretary of the navy in regard to the award of the Chilian Indemnity fund.

LAMAR'S SUCCESSOR

Will Not be Appointed Until After the Funeral.

The Democrats Will Endeavor to Prevent a Confirmation of Harrison's Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Yesterday afternoon the statement was made by a visitor who had just come from the white house that the president had declared he would not give a moment of thought to the appointment of Justice Lamar's successor until after the funeral of the justice. So the fight over the appointment will be postponed until next week or later. "An idea of the feeling that is general on the subject on the democratic side is expressed in the opinion of one senator, who declares that he would see the senate filibuster to the defeat of even the appropriation bills and the calling of an extra session to pass them rather than permit the confirmation of a supreme court justice nominated at such a time as this."

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.

An Invalid Burned to Death in Her Room.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 26.—Mrs. Sarah Johnson, aged fifty-one years, residing at 2519 Prairie avenue, was burned to death in her home yesterday evening. Mrs. Johnson was a paralytic and while alone in the house, in some unaccountable way her clothes caught fire and in her helpless condition she was burned to death before discovery.

LEGISLATIVE MATTERS.

Change in Senate Sentiment Respecting the Appointing Power.

(Indianapolis News.)

"You may say, as coming from me, that the Cullop bill to return the appointing power to the governor will pass the house and become a law," said Representative Hench, chairman of the committee on benevolent institutions, today. Mr. Hench has charge of the much discussed bill. The majority of the committee will favor the passage of the bill. One of the members of the committee who had signed the minority report today erased his name and signed the majority report. The friends of the bill say the caucus of Monday was a snap judgment affair, and declare that they will not abide by the decision. The republicans have decided to support the bill, and it will require the votes of but fourteen democrats to pass it in the house. The friends of the bill say that democrats who at first opposed it are coming around to favor it, and they believe there will be at least twenty democratic members who will support it. It is the understanding that the committee will not report on the bill until the members, who are at Jeffersonville, return.

The bill to enlarge the jurisdiction of the appellate court was taken up on third reading. Representative Guthrie, of Cass, called the attention of the members to the fact that the title of the bill proposed to repeal section 26 of the original appellate court act, which provides that the court shall be in existence but six years. Mr. Cullop explained that this defect in the title could be corrected after the bill had been passed. Mr. Cullop also explained that the appellate court was out of work, and that unless this bill was passed the court would be kept in idleness at the expense of the tax payers. Representative Wright suggested that if the court was out of work it might be abolished. He said it was stated in the house two years ago that the court would not be needed for more than two years. Representative Hench spoke in favor of the bill, and the previous question on the passage of the bill was then ordered on motion of Representative Bobylmer. The bill was passed—yeas, 77; nays, 5.

Representative Bodabaugh's bill, making it a misdemeanor for justices of the peace to practice law, was engrossed. There was a favorable report on the bill introduced by Representative Jonson, of Marion, to make Labor day and Decoration day legal holidays, and the report was adopted.

LAID IN THE TOMB.

Sorrowful Scenes Attending the Interment of Bishop Brooks.

A Fitting Tribute to a Great and Good Man Whose Life Was Devoted to the Welfare of the People.

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—With the impressive funeral services of the church, in connection with which his life work was done, and accompanied by evidences of public grief such as have not been manifested in this community before for a generation at least, the remains of the late Bishop Phillip Brooks were today consigned to their last resting place in Mount Auburn cemetery. At 8 o'clock this morning the body, encased in a black broadcloth casket, hermetically sealed, accompanied by a guard of police, was taken from the episcopal residence on Clarendon street and borne to Trinity church, where it was placed on a catafalque inside the shrine portals of the west porch.

When all preparations were completed the doors were opened and the people whom the great prelate had so loved and for whom he had so labored, were allowed to pass by twos, in the northwest corner entrance of the vestibule, through an either side of the casket and out at the southwest corner entrance, each catching only a farewell glance of the loved features. There was a large gathering in front of the church, but there was no rush and no discourtesy. During the three hours alloted for the public up to 11 o'clock a steady procession moved past the bier.

At 11 o'clock, the hour for closing the church doors to the public, a long line of people extending down the sidewalk to Berkley street, two blocks and a half, was pressing forward toward the (?) of that vestibule, and another throng, equally as large, surged up to the Clarendon street entrance, where those entitled to admission to the funeral services were received. The body of the church was kept for the visitors, which included all the clergy of the state delegations from Episcopal societies, Governor Russell, a delegation from the legislature, Mayor Matthews, other public officers, President Elliot and the overseers of Harvard college and the Harvard class of '55, of which he was a member, a committee of the Loyal legion and clergymen of other denominations.

The enormous congregation rose, as the vestry door opened, and the procession headed by five bishops entered. These were followed by the diocese committee and the casket borne upon the shoulders of eight Harvard students. Then came the honorary pall bearers. The body was placed in front of the chancel. Bishop Potter read the Episcopal burial service. There was no eulogies at the close of the service. A procession of over 500 carriages took up the solemn march to Mount Auburn, where the remains were laid away in the Brooks family lot.

PIONEER CITIZENS.

Messrs. Barney and Louis Hazzard Reach an Interesting Anniversary.

Forty years ago today two little German boys, fresh from Germany, landed in Fort Wayne with their parents, and they are here today, having resided in this community continuously ever since and grown to be influential men, respected by all who know them. These two little German boys were Barney and Louis Hazzard—Barney, the well known farmer, who lives on his farm in Washington township, four miles west of the city, on the Columbia City road, and Louis, the energetic councilman of the Ninth ward.

They emigrated from Neuborg-am-Rhine, Prussia, and after a stormy and eventful passage of sixty-eight days, finally arrived safely. There were no railroads, or at least few those days, the canal was frozen up, so they were obliged to make the trip overland in a wagon. Their first residence was in the little old yellow brick house, still standing, on the southeast corner of Wells and Third street, where they remained until spring, when the father removed to the farm before mentioned, where Barney has since resided, Louis later returning to the city. Both are exceedingly well known and enjoy the highest confidence and respect of all. They are justly entitled to be regarded as among the pioneer citizens of Fort Wayne, which they saw grow from a scattering village in the wilderness to a great and prosperous city, and THE SENTINEL heartily hopes to see them live many more years of usefulness and prosperity.

MORE CHOLERA.

Four New Cases and Two Deaths is the Record.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—One new case of cholera is reported today at Trotha, a village a short distance from Halle, in Prussian Saxony, where several cases have been before reported. The disease has appeared in the village of Morl, where one of the villagers has been attacked. Four new cases and two deaths occurred yesterday at Ottensen, a suburb of Altona. No new cases have been reported in Hamburg this week.

DAVENPORT'S METHODS.

The Investigating Committee Find Charges Correct.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The report of the sub committee appointed to investigate John I. Davenport's methods in supervising elections will be submitted to the full committee today. Mr. Fitch's committee finds that all the charges made against Davenport and his deputies are substatially true. It finds that for years hundreds of thousands of dollars have been spent annually in the interest of the republican party in New York city. These statements are now established as facts by the sworn testimony of forty-six creditable witnesses examined by the committee.

A HIGH OLD TIME

Precipitated by the Introduction of Bills in the Legislature.

Capital and Labor Will Lock Horns in an Encounter for Legislative Advantages.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan 26.—A great fight has been precipitated in the general assembly between organized labor and the corporations. Yesterday the senate was flooded with remonstrances agains the co-employe liability and the anti-insurance bills. These remonstrances were signed by hundreds of the Pennsylvania company railroad, and by workingmen in shops and factories.

These co-liability and insurance bills are in charge of a committee of organized labor, and this committee is keeping "tab" on senators who are supporting or working in opposition. The committee claims to be backed by 70,000 members of organized labor.

It is expected that the bills will pass the house without much opposition, but insurmountable objection is anticipated in the senate.

The temper of the house, on a peculiar phase of the labor legislation, was shown this afternoon. Some days ago a bill was passed, making it a misdemeanor for an employer to discharge an employe because he was a unionist. Then Hord, of Marion, introduced a bill making it a misdemeanor to discharge an employe who was a non-unionist or to refuse to employ one for the same reason.

The committee on rights and privileges recommended that this bill be referred to the committee on labor, but Hord charged that the labor committee was hostile, his authority for which was the chairman, his co-associate in the house.

This led to a spirited dispute between the chairman and Mr. Hord, but it resulted in sending the bill back to the original committee and in ordering copies to be printed. There is a possibility that the bill will become a law, notwithstanding the hostile attitude of the labor committee.

Among the new bills in the senate yesterday was one by Senator Sellers calling for the creation of a board of pardons to decide all questions concerning the pardoning and paroling of prisoners now in the state institutions. The governor is made ex officio president of this board. The board is required to meet in March, June, September and December of each year, and at no other time can pardons be considered. The probabilities are that the bill will pass.

WON'T GIVE UP.

The Republicans of Kansas Claim Martin Was Not Elected.

TOPEKA, Jan. 26.—The republicans this morning still maintained that John Martin was not legally elected United states senator. They are trying to effect a combination with the friends of Edward Carroll, of Leavenworth, by which the republicans will vote for him whenever he can get enough friends to meet with the republicans to constitute a legal quorum.

The republicans claim that Ady, representative, received the same number of legal votes for senator yesterday as Martin did. This contention is founded on the claim that eleven of the populist members are not entitled to their seats.

The republicans met in joint session this morning and cast eighty-three votes for J. K. Hudson and one vote for Crane for state printer. The populist's house adjourned until 4 o'clock, immediately after being called to order, and the republican house took a recess to allow the members to meet in caucus.

CHOLERA BREAKS OUT.

Thirteen New Cases in the Neilburn Lunatic Asylum.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—A dispatch from Halle states that thirteen new cases of cholera and one death from the disease are reported from the Neilburn lunatic asylum at Trotha, where the disease appeared yesterday. Four new cases and one death occurred yesterday.

Since this morning eight new cases have occurred and three of the persons previously attacked have died. Prof. Koch, who was sent by Emperor William to the Neilben asylum to investigate the cholera there, is now at Tothra where he is examining into the appearance of the disease at that place. He has advised that the public demonstrations on the anniversary of the emperor's birth be prohibited in view of the danger of cholera infection.

BLAINE'S CONDITION.

Very Weak, But in no Immediate Danger of Dissolution.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Dr. Johnston called shortly after 1 o'clock and remained inside the mansion but fifteen minutes.

He said on leaving that Mr. Blaine's condition was unchanged. He is very weak, but is in no immediate danger of dissolution.

The doctor says the pleasant weather for the past few days had not affected the condition of the patient in any way.

Miss Ella Thomas, of West DeWald street, will leave tomorrow for her home in Dayton, Ohio.

REQUIESCAT IN PACE.

Amid Imposing Ceremonies the Bishop Laid to Rest.

Eloquent Tribute to His Memory by the Right Reverend Bishop Rademacher.

Hundreds of Church Dignitaries in Attendance.

Last Sad Respects Paid to the Memory of the Right Reverend Bishop Dwenger.

Beneath this stately dome and marble altar,
Where his proud form oft knelt in days of yore,
Bury the bishop—his earthly days are ended,
And all life's high ambitions now no more.

Yet, in his last, long sleep of days unnumbered
Above his tomb shall sounds of worship rise;
Ah, rest in peace, for well the Teacher sayeth:
"Life's passing is the soul's birth to the skies."

At an early hour this morning the solemn tolling of the great bell in the Cathedral tower announced the approach of the obsequies about to take place over the remains of the Right Rev. Joseph Dwenger, bishop of the diocese of Fort Wayne.

Since his death, on last Sunday night, an oppressive stillness has prevailed at the Episcopal residence, but this morning all was changed. The time had arrived when the erstwhile ruler of that household was to be laid at rest in the tomb with those few who preceded him as ecclesiastic governors of the diocese. All was bustle and animation. Carriages were arriving from incoming trains and rolling up to the door, conveying distinguished men of the church whose names are know far and wide. Messenger boys hastened in and out of the Episcopal home bearing telegrams from all parts of the country.

DISTINGUISHED PRELATES.

Among the distinguished prelates who arrived to take part in the ceremony were the following:

Most Rev. Elder, archbishop, Cincinnati.

Most Rev. Katzer, archbishop, Milwaukee.

Rt. Rev. Rademacher, bishop, Nashville.

Rt. Rev. Richter, bishop, Grand Rapids.

Rt. Rev. Foley, bishop, Detroit.

Rt. Rev. Maes, bishop, Covington.

Rt. Rev. Janssen, bishop, Bellville.

Rt. Rev. Horstman, bishop, Cleveland.

About 175 other priests were present, among whom were: John L. Singleton, Glynwood, O.; O. H. Kabylinski, Hammond, Ind.; H. C. Dyarnien, Payne, O.; I. Rainer, Milwaukee; J. Denney, Chicago; Edward Graham, F. D. Moran, Clyde, O; F. P. Faust, James C. Fulcher, Grand Rapids; C. Korst, Coldwater, Mich.; John Bleckman, Michigan City; John Georgan, Marion, Ind.; Hilary Hoeledur, Lafayette, Ind.; Henry Kohne, Logansport; P. Gerathoff Crown Point; F. Louhmann, Mt Vernon, Ind.; A. Burn, Kalamazoo; P. J. Crawen, Oxford, Ind.; Wm. Berg, J. B. Berg, Reynolds, Ind.; N. Zimbult, Wm. Schmidt, Muncie; Theo. Wilken, Decatur; Boeckleman: A. J. Struder, Portland, Ind.; H. Ferneding, Cincinnati; Peter B. Englert, Cincinnati; Rev. Lutz, St. Mary, Ohio; A. W. Ellering, Columbia City, Ind.; H. M. Plaster, Hammond, Ind.; W. Miller, Arcola, Ind.; Jos Kroll, Chester, Ind.

THRONGS ATTEND.

Since the casket containing the remains were borne to the Cathedral yesterday afternoon they have been viewed by several thousand people. The entire cover had been taken from the casket by Undertaker Peltier and the body was exposed at full length. The face of the dead prelate bore a pleasing and lifelike expression. The long white beard had been shaven off and those who had known the bishop before his illness saw but little change in the countenance. He was robed in purple vestments and upon his head rested the bishop's hat. On his finger was the large ring always worn in life upon imposing occasions. A golden cross and small metalic crucifix lay upon his breast, just above the folded hands. The floral decorations consisted of two large white crosses, which were placed at the foot of the casket and a sheaf of yellow wheat.

SEATING THE CROWDS.

Long before the hour for the beginning of the first ceremony the crowds began to gather. Several policemen were present about the entrance to quiet any evil minded disturbances. The ushers, some eighteen or twenty in number, under command of Louis Jocquel, were divided into squads and attended to seating the vast number of people in an efficient manner. The relatives of the bishop, consisting of Joseph Dwenger, a nephew; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Specker, of Cincinnati, cousins, and a few others, were seated at the right in pews 7, 8, 9 and 10. They were escorted to their seats by Ushers Mohler and Jocoly. The press occupied seats 53, 54, 55 and 56, to the right, near the catafalque. The sisters were seated in pews 75 to 85. Every seat was crowded and many occupied chairs.

The ushers were also ably aided by a number of Sir Knights. The obsequies partook of a

SEMI-MILITARY CHARACTER.

Many Knights of various orders from this and surrounding cities were stationed within the Cathedral. Nearly all were dressed in full uniform. During the entire ceremony up to the time of absolution the four Sir Knights stood guard by the catafalque. It was at first intended that the military should form a cordon extending the full length of the church on each side of center and side aisles, but at the last moment it was decided to do away with this feature so as to obstruct the view of those seated as little as possible.

OFFICE OF THE DEAD.

At the hour of 8:45 all the reverend clergy assembled in the sacristy of the Cathedral and, after vesting, proceeded to the sanctuary and began the ceremony known as the office of the dead. This impressive rite consists of that part of the Roman breviary which is said only for the repose of the soul of some one of the clergy. That portion which is read containing the sacred offices known as matins and lauds. The hebdomadarii were the Very Rev. A. B. Oechtering and the Rev. L. A. Moench.

The bishops, eight in number, wore the white mitres which are always used for ceremonials of this nature. The vestments of the priests were also those used upon such occasions. The attendance to this early ceremony was very large, many protestants being among the number.

CELEBRATING THE MASS.

Immediately after the conclusion of the office of the dead the pontificate requeim mass was begun. The huge organ poured fourth the solemn strains of Wilt's masterpiece and the choir responded as the celebrant, the Most Rev. William Henry Elder, D. D., began the intonation of the mass. The Archbishop's assistants were as follows:

Assistant priest, The Very Rev. J. H. Brammer.

Deacon of mass, the Rev. John Bleckman.

Sub-deacon of mass, the Rev. John R. Quinlan.

First master of ceremonies, the Rev. John R. Dinnen.

Second master of ceremonies, the Rev. W. J. Quinlan.

The elevation of the Host was particularly impressive, all the uniform knight kneeling upon their swords. At the conclusion of the mass the archbishop took his seat upon the throne opposite and to the right of that of the late bishop.

THE SERMON.

This was delivered from the heavily draped pulpit by the Most Rev. Bishop Rademacher, of Nashville, Tenn. He has been a life-long friend of Bishop Dwenger and was probably nearest to him of all the other prelates. He said:

"I am requested to announce that upon tomorrow there will be an anniversary requiem mass said in this Cathedral for the late Mgr. Benoit."

Bishop Rademacher then read the ninth chapter of Macabees, choosing for the text of his eulogy that sentence which reads: "How is the mighty man fallen that saved the people of Israel." He continued: "Eight years ago, in this Cathedral, a scene was enacted very similar to the occasion for which we are now officiating. Then, as now, the remains of a prelate—the good Mgr. Benoit, builder of this house of God, the earnest pioneer missionary, were conveyed to their last resting place beneath the sanctuary. Before the communion rail upon that occasion, uttering the words of light—in the midst of his people and proud in manly vigor—you all remember the scene, how your beloved Bishop Dwenger pronounced a most touching eulogy and deplored the loss of the good father about to be laid at rest in the tomb. Now we have again been called to mourn the loss of one whose tongue was as eloquent as any heard, whose heart was so true, so gentle, so tender and noble that we are again reminded 'How is the mighty man fallen that saved the people of Israel!'

"If the Israelites had come to mourn the loss of their mighty leader in the old law, how much more have we of the new law to mourn the loss of our beloved bishop, for no ties are so tender as that spiritual union which unites the hearts of the priests to his people. And as the ties which bind a bishop to his people are higher than those of a priest by virtue of his greater responsibility, therefore, we have more reason to mourn and exclaim: 'How is the mighty man fallen that saved the people of Israel!'

"He was your bishop, he was your father, he was your spiritual advisor, he was your spiritual wall of protection against every enemy. He is now no longer, and, although cut down in the prime of life, we have reason to rejoice for the words of our text serve to edify the memory of his life and bid us draw a lesson from his illustrious example, and to ever cherish his memory."

Bishop Rademacher then gave a brief sketch of the life of the deceased, telling of his parentage, whom he said were "poor in worldly goods but were rich in Christian virtue." His mother was spared to him until he was ten or eleven years of age but he had often in after life spoken of his mother and how greatly he cherised her memory. The bishop also stated that he had been chosen to deliver the eulogy not because of his particular fitness, but on account of his intimate acquaintance and companionship with the deceased, which had existed for many years back.

He concluded his sermon with the following eloquent words: "Bishop Dwenger was cast by nature in a grand mould. He was a perfect specimen of manhood. His powers of endurance were wonderful. His capacity for hard work was enormous. His strong face was an index of a mind clear and logical. His memory was prodigious and his will was strong and unbending when he knew it to be directed for the right. His heart was true as gold and noble and generous as the world is wide. His love of country was great, notwithstanding it has been said to the contrary. He was accustomed to say, in speaking of his birth, that he was born under an oak tree and his love of his native American was as deep rooted as the roots of the sturdy oaks. His work for the lambs (the orphans) of his flock alone is a monument which should forever keep his memory fresh in the hearts of the people. He had an open eye and tender heard for every need of the diocese over which he ruled. He was an advocate and champion of the education of the children and the perfection of the schools under his charge was his constant aim."

"Three years ago he was stricken with the la grippe and the long months of suffering which followed, as the disease developed other complications, brought him closer to the foot of the cross to suffer, as did our dear Lord, the coronation of the bitter crown of thorns. He once said to me, 'I know that God is good because he has sent this to me. I know that he is merciful to me now because he makes me suffer.' As gold is cleansed and purified by fire so has he been prepared for his reward. We mourn, but yet have reason to rejoice. Think often of his example. Keep green his memory, pray for his soul and that he may soon be admitted to his reward. Amen."

THE ABSOLUTION.

At the conclusion of the sermon the ceremony of the absolution of the dead was begun. It was wonderfully impressive. Here the military guards withdrew as four bishops descended from the sanctuary and took seats, one at each corner of the catafalque, facing the casket. All the bishops officiated at the ceremony in the order of their rank, according to their date of confirmation. The first absolution was given by Archbishop Katzer and the last by Archbishop Elder.

THE INTERMENT.

During the absolution the entrance to the vault beneath the sanctuary was opened and at the conclusion of that ceremony the following members of the Episcopacy who were to officiate as pall bearers deposed themselves about the casket:

The Very Rev. E. P. Walters.
The Very Rev. M. E. Campion.
The Very Rev. A. B. Oechtering.
The Rev. K. Kroeger.
The Rev. D. Duehnig.
The Rev. J. Becks.
The Rev. J. H. Hueser, D. D.
The Rev. J. H. Oechtering.
The Rev. B. Wiedau.
The Rev. H. Meissner.
The Rev. H. Koehne.
The Rev. E. Koenig.

The remains were then conveyed into the sanctuary to the vault and carefully lowered to their last resting place with great solemnity.

UNIVERSALLY BELOVED.

Bishop Dwenger was loved in every part of his diocese. He was in many respects a wonderful man. A well known banker of this city remarked yesterday that the late bishop was the greatest financier he had ever known. Yet he was great not alone in temporal matters but in the spiritual. The numerous charitable institutions founded by him will always remain a monument to his memory.

HIS SUCCESSOR.

It is yet too early to speculate upon his successor. It will be many months, probably, before the pope will make a selection from the names advanced for his consideration.

DOUBLY BEREAVED.

Just before Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati, left for this city to officiate at the funeral of Bishop Dwenger, he received a sad telegram from St. Louis announcing the death of a beloved brother.

The archbishop left immediately after the ceremonies here for that city. His brother was not a prelate, but was a prominent layman of St. Louis.

THE AMERICAN FLAG.

During the ceremony this morning a beautiful silken flag was furled and draped near the catafalque.

NOT YET ENDED.

The Switchmen's Strike on the Erie Breaks Out Afresh.

The switchmen's strike that has been on in the Lake Erie and Western yards at Muncie for the past two weeks, and which was thought to be settled, has broken out anew, and it is thought may finally develop into a general tie up of the system. Harry Crossfield, representing the several labor organizations of Muncie, made a proposition to Assistant Superintendent Jarvis that he would supply the places of the new men who are at work switching with members of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid association, but the request was refused. The report of Mr. Crossfield was sent to the chief of the Brotherhood of Engineers for final action, and pending his reply the trainmen on all freights refused to take out their trains today.

TOOK POISON.

Death of a Canadian in a Buffalo Hotel.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 26.—A man registering as Geo. R. Taylor, of London, Ont., committed suicide at the Mansion house last night by taking poison. From papers found on his person he is supposed to be R. G. Ham, of Orangeville, Ont., county treasurer and manager of a bank at that place.

DR. SWERINGEN ROBBED.

Footpads Knock Him Down and Rifle His Pockets.

Attacked on the Public Thoroughfare, in the Heart of the City, and in the Early Evening.

A bold highway robbery took place early last evening almost in the center of the city, Dr. H. V. Swerengen, the well known and prominent physician, being knocked down and robbed by two unknown foot pads.

The deed was committed between 6 and 7 o'clock, near the corner of Wayne and Griffith streets, just after the doctor had left his home, No. 197 West Wayne street, for his office in the Schmitz block, at the corner of Calhoun and West Washington streets.

At the first named place he was met by the two desperadoes, knocked down and robbed of $3, and left lying in his injured condition in the snow, while the robbers made their escape and up to this time have not been captured, unless a drunk arrested last night should prove to be one of the rascals.

The story of the robbery is better told in the doctor's own words, and for this purpose THE SENTINEL called this morning at his home. Our representative found Dr. Sweringen seated in an arm chair, looking considerable the worse for the encounter. His lower lip was cut in two places and an upper tooth had been broken.

"I left home at 6:30 o'clock last evening," he said in answer to a question, "for my office. As I was passing the McDougall residence, at the corner of West Wayne and Griffith streets, I noticed two men approaching from the east, but paid no particular attention to them until they were within a few feet of me, when one of them commenced to swear in a loud tone. Then I looked up and as I did so one of the men struck me in the face, knocking me down and rendering me unconscious for a second. When I revived one of the men had his hand in my right pants pocket. I cried "police" at the top of my voice. One of the men—the one who was rifling my pocket—told his companion to choke me and that worthy vigorously proceeded to do so. Then I attempted to get upon my feet and a lively tussle ensued, which ended by the two highwaymen fleeing down the street, taking with them $3 in silver and some keys which I had in my pocket."

Dr. Sweringen was able to walk home and reaching that place he summoned Dr. Meyers, who dressed the wounds, several stitches being necessary to close the cuts in the lip.

The doctor does not think that the men were lying in wait for him, but is inclined to the theory that they were bums bent on raising a "stake" by waylaying someone, and he happened to be the first one encountered. Had the robbers unbuttoned the doctor's overcoat, and searched his vest, they would have secured a valuable gold watch and chain and about $20 in bills. They undoubtedly would have done this had it not been for the vigorous resistance they encountered and the danger of capture in case they prolonged their search.

From the appearance of the wounds on the doctor's lip it is believed that the man who struck him had brass knuckles on his hand.

LOST HIS MONEY

While Gambling, and Now Sues to Recover It.

Interesting Case Before Justice Ryan —The News as Taken From Court Dockets.

George W. Miller has brought suit in Justice Daniel Ryan's court against James L. Bush to recover $85, which he alleges he lost while gambling in Bush's saloon on Columbia street. The case will be heard next Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

Chas. F. Kempf and Anna C. Fink have been licensed to wed.

William Farr was arrested last evening at Andrews by Constable Harrod upon an affidavit sworn out by Lulu Kellar, of this city. He is having a hearing before Justice Ryan.

There were two drunks in police court this morning. Both of them were sent to jail for eleven days. One gave his name as James Grumsey. He was a stranger in the city.

John Atastutz sues Isabella Copp et al. to quiet title to real estate. M. V. B. Spencer is attorney.

Owen N. Heaton et al. sues John A. Reed et al. for ejectment. W. J. Vesey is attorney.

The Herman Berghoff Brewing company has instituted attachment proceedings against Charles Rosenberger to recover $100. W. P. Breen is attorney.

A few days ago Matthew Barr, a twelve-year old tramp was sent to jail for vagrancy. Sheriff Clausmeier was impressed with the boy's aristocratic appearance even in the rags he wore. After a series of interrogations the sheriff learned that the boy's father, Matthew Barr, sr., resided at 237 East Seventy-seventh street, New York city, and was a wealthy man. He was sent a letter regarding his son, who ran away from home a year ago. Yesterday a telegram was received at the jail stating that clothes and money had been sent the lad by express. The boy's father is expected in a few days.

Overcoats given away until Saturday night. Prices paralyzed and cash or souvenir coins given away with every purchase at

26-2t THE C. O. D.

SALVATION OIL

Kills all pain! Unexcelled as A Liniment! Indispensable in your home! Buy the genuine SALVATION OIL. Sold for 25 cts.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote—Price 10 Cts. [illegible]

WANTED.

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

[illegible]

FOR RENT.

[illegible]

HOW TO BUILD A HOME.

[illegible]

PROFESSIONAL.

[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

[illegible]

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY! [illegible] come to the Allen Co. Loan & Savings Association. [illegible]

JAPANESE PILE CURE

[illegible] CONSTIPATION [illegible] JAPANESE LIVER PELLETS [illegible]

Shirts to Order. A Perfect Fit Guaranteed. P. S. KUTTNER, 144 Calhoun Street. MADE TO ORDER.

Realistic.

—Judy.

GATHERED ON THE WAY.

Flying Sparks as Caught by Our Reporter

While Making His Daily Rounds of the Manufacturing and Railroad Centers of the City.

Engineer J. Stewart has been on the sick list.

Fireman W. F. Jungles is taking a sick vacation.

Fireman George Schoup has reported for duty after a vacation.

Engineers John Mooney and William Doty are on the sick list.

Fireman A. J. Whitrock is again on duty after a short illness.

Engineer Tom Teegarden has returned to duty after an illness.

F. M. Cherry, of the Pittsburg boiler shops, is confined to his home with the grip.

Capt. Robert Harrison is suffering with rheumatism and is confined to his home.

Peter Leser, moulder at the Bass works, is off on account of the illness of his child.

J. W. Crawlee, fireman on the Grand Rapids road, has returned to work after an illness.

A. Wilson, of the Pennsylvania, accompanied by his wife, is spending a few days at Chicago.

Robert Tolts, of the Pittsburg car shops, who was injured some time ago, has returned to work.

Engineer Thomas Quinn and Fireman H. E. Wagner have been off duty on account of sickness.

William Rheyne, tool inspector at the Pittsburg roundhouse, is confined to his home by illness.

Firemen C. A. Snyder, George Smith and E. Fink, of the Pennsylvania company, are on the sick list.

C. L. Dessler, clerk at the Pittsburg machine shop, chaperoned a sleighing party out into the country last night.

Fred Walters and C. Myers, of Columbia City, have taken positions in the paint department of the Olds works.

Clerk W. C. Beade, of the Pittsburg shops, is booming his canvass for city clerk. "Billy" is popular among the shop men.

Wm. Boneman, clerk in the blacksmith department of the Bass foundry, was an usher at the funeral of Bishop Dwenger today.

Most of the railroad trains are on time this morning, the snow and the cold weather no longer interfering with their movements.

The aggregate loss to the manufacturing industries of Muncie, caused by the Lake Erie strike, will amount to many thousands of dollars.

Fireman Dan Hoynes, who was injured in a wreck at Hobart, has been removed from the hospital in this city to his home at Crestline, Ohio.

C. E. Golden, clerk in Superintendent Graham's office at the Pittsburg shops, was off duty today acting as one of the ushers at the bishop's funeral.

Peter Roth, Alf Sullivan, Al Kingman and Henry Velmerding, of the Bass moulding rooms, were off duty today attending the funeral of the dead bishop.

Superintendent Ira. P. Evans, of the Rhinesmith & Simonson works, is at Hartford City measuring work and attending to some of the details for a big building contract which the firm has at that place.

The maximum mileage made by any locomotive on the Indianapolis division of the Pennsylvania line in the year 1892 was 44,266 miles. The average mileage per engine on this division was 36,602 miles.

The American Association of General Baggage Agents have elected H. A. Winters, of the Illinois Central, president; S. A. Smart, of the Great Northern, vice president, and J. F. Quick, of the Grand Trunk, secretary.

Ticket Agent Robert Douglass, of the Wabash, leaves tomorrow for Three Mile Bay, N. Y., and will return the first of next week with his mother who will be the guest of himself and brother, Jos. Douglass, for several weeks.

Fred A. Tagtmeyer, machinist at the Pittsburg roundhouse, is off duty and when he returns to work he will be given an ovation by his fellow employes which he will not soon forget. Fred was married last night to Miss May Brunskill.

John Rhinesmith and Jacob Klett, two of our well known lumber dealers, left a few days ago for Cincinnati, where they joined an excursion of lumber dealers from many different cities for a tour through Tennessee and Texas. They will be gone for three weeks.

The Baldwin locomotive works have an electric crane which picks up the largest locomotive and carries it with ease. It readily carries one hundred tons, at the rate of two hundred feet per minute, and sets it down within one thirty-second of an inch of any spot that may be desired.

Detective Needham, of the Lake Shore, is investigating a mysterious affair which occurred at South Bend Sunday morning. Louis Johnson was found near the railroad track, badly injured and unconscious. Johnson lived at Chicago but came to South Bend to visit a young lady Saturday night. The manner in which he received his injuries is open to speculation and many think he was struck by a slung shot and robbed of a considerable sum.

W. H. Griffin, the engineer killed on his engine at the Wabash river bridge on the Lake Erie and Western road, on the 20th of this month, had much respect shown his memory on Monday by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The men of the Lake Erie and Western shops and citizens of Peru accompanied the remains to the Wabash depot, where they were taken in charge by Canada Norton, Philip Boynton, Fred Robinson and a brother of the deceased. The burial will occur at Freeport, Me.

DEFINITION OF A "SCAB."

During these times of strikes the question is often asked "What is a scab?" This definition of the term is given: "Some ten years ago a union man was tried in one of the courts of London, England, for intimidating a 'scab' for going to work on a strike job. In summing up the case against the prisoner, the prosecuting counsel said: 'According to these unionists a scab is to his trade what a traitor is to his country; and, though both may be useful to one party in troublesome times, when peace returns they are detested alike by all, so, when help is needed, a 'scab' is the last to contribute assistance, and the first to grab a benefit he never labored to secure; he cares only for himself, but he sees not beyond the extent of a day, and for momentary and worthless approbation would betray his friends, his family and his country. In short, he is a traitor on a small scale, who first sells his fellowmen, and is himself afterwards sold in his turn by his employer, until at last he is despised by both and deserted by all. He is an enemy to himself, to the present age, and to posterity.'"

THE BASS WORKS' CORLISS ENGINE.

The Bass Foundry and Machine works furnished the engine that operates the new electric light plant at Van Wert, Ohio. The following description of it is given by the Van Wert Daily Bulletin:

"The engine, a Corliss, is capable of generating, without effort, 373 horse power and weighs over twenty-five tons, the belt pulley alone being fifteen feet in diameter and thirty and one-half inches face and weighing eleven tons. The cylinder is twenty inches in diameter and the stroke is forty-two inches. The main belt is fifty-eight inches wide and double thickness, transmitting the power to a forty-five inch pulley, which clutches on the main shaft. The engine makes seventy-five revolutions per minute, moving the shaft at the required speed, 300.

"It was interesting to observe the engine under the sudden changes of load. Starting with thirty horse power thirty lights were instantly added, when the commercial arcs went on, and fifty-nine more when the streets were lighted. These increased and instantaneous demands did not seem to have the slightest effect on the speed of the engine. All that could be noticed was a raising of the governor, instantly applying more steam to the cylinder."

RAILWAY LEGION OF AMERICA.

An organization which shall embrace in its fold all railway employes, both in and out of existing organizations, will soon be born. It will be known as the "Railway Legion of America." Of the new association the Chicago Inter Ocean says:

"Those who have the matter in hand have been quietly perfecting their plans for the last year and they are so hopeful of success that a meeting is to be held in Chicago in the near future, at which the scheme will be fully launched. It is the purpose of the promoters to make the membership fees so low that every man who is connected with railroading in any capacity may be induced to join, the object being to form a great organization whose members will stand by each other for mutual help. While independent of all existing organizations, the Railway Legion will not be hostile to them. It will simply aim to draw in men who are now outside of all organizations, and, who for various reasons could never be induced to join. There are 650,000 of them and the small annual dues of about $1 which it is proposed to charge for membership will, it is expected, induce the great majority of these to join an organization whose constitution pledges to each member the support of all the others."

"Looks like a ghost!" That's what they say of the pale, thin, weak woman who's "run-down" and overworked. Probably she knows it herself. But there's one thing she can't know, or she wouldn't feel so and look so—and that is, that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is guaranteed to help her.

It's a legitimate medicine, made especially for woman's needs; an invigorating, restorative tonic and a soothing and strengthening nervine, imparting tone and vigor to the whole system.

But it isn't a mere stimulant. It's a remedy, safe and sure, for all the functional derangements, painful disorders, and chronic weaknesses that make women suffer. In "female complaints" of every kind, periodical pains, internal inflammation, ulceration, and kindred ailments, it's guaranteed to benefit or cure, or the money is returned.

No other medicine for women is sold so. Proof that nothing else is "just as good."

Tutt's Pills

will save the dyspeptic from many days of misery, and enable him to eat whatever he wishes. They prevent

Sick Headache,

cause the food to assimilate and nourish the body, give keen appetite, and

Develop Flesh

and solid muscle. Elegantly sugar coated. Price, 25cts. per box.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—Closing, 1:15 p. m.—Wheat, Jan.; 73½c; Feb., 74½c; May, 78½c.

Corn, Jan., 42½c; Feb., 43½c; May, 47½c.

Oats, Jan., 33½c; Feb., 31c; May, 34½c.

Pork, Jan., $19.07½; May, $19.42½.

Lard, Jan., $11.45; May, $11.30.

Ribs, Jan., $10.12½; May, $10.15.

UNION STOCK YARDS, Ill., Jan. 26.—Cattle, receipts, 17,000; market easier.

Hogs, receipts, 28,000; firm. Heavy, $7.65@7.90; mixed and medium, $7.40@7.85; light, $7.30@7.65.

Sheep, receipts, 11,000; weak.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 26.—Close—Wheat, cash, 73½c; May, 78c.

Corn, cash, 43c.

Oats, cash, 36½c.

Rye, cash, 58c bid.

Cloverseed, cash, $8.75; March, $8.80.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—Sugar, refined, firm and unchanged; cut loaf and crushed, 5 31-100@5½; extra fine granulated, 4 81-100@5; cubes and mould A, 4 94-100@5½c.

Coffee, spot lots, moderately active and steady; No. 7, Rio, 17½c.

Butter, dull and slightly easier; state tubs, fall made, best, 30@34c; western separator extras, 34c.

Cheese, moderately active and generally steady; state factory, fall made, white fancy, 12c; colored, 11¾@11½c.

Eggs, steadier; state fresh gathered, choice, 29@30c; western fresh, best, 29c.

DERELICTS

A Constant Menace to the Safety of Ocean Steamers.

Many "derelicts"—i. e., deserted and water-logged vessels—float about for a long time and finally break up or sink. An important feature of the work of the hydrographic office is the finding of such dangers to navigation, the approximate location of which are plotted monthly on the pilot charts distributed to skippers. Four years ago great alarm was felt on account of a gigantic raft of logs which went adrift south of Nantucket. It was composed of 27,000 trunks of trees from 50 to 100 feet long, bound with iron chains into a cigar-shaped mass 500 feet long and weighing 11,000 tons. It was constructed in Nova Scotia, starting from the Bay of Fundy for New York in tow.

The hawsers parted in a hurricane, leaving the raft in the direct track of commerce. The biggest of the ocean greyhounds, on striking such an obstruction, would have gone down at once with all on board. Two Government steamers and a tug started at once in pursuit of the raft, which had luckily been broken up by the storm, the remnants of it being found scattered over a wide space about 100 miles southeast of the point where it was lost. For some time it was imagined that the floating logs might do damage, but though many vessels encountered them, no harm resulted.

This would have been the most dangerous derelict ever known if the raft had held together. Vessels which come under this denomination are most commonly laden with lumber or some other light cargo, so that they do not sink, but merely become water logged, floating about dismasted with decks on a level with the water, so that it is very difficult to see them in time to avoid them. Continually drifting there is no telling when or where they will be encountered, and a collision with such an obstruction is very apt to mean total wreck.

Ships often sail away and are never heard of again, though there has been no storm, and in such cases they are reported "missing," the likelihood always being that they have met with some such accident as this against which even the best navigator cannot guard. So serious is this peril that it has been proposed that the nations should divide the oceans into districts, each one keeping its own district clear. The most extraordinary derelict ever heard of was the barque Marie Celeste, which was found in the middle of the Atlantic deserted, with every sail set, dinner half cooked in the galley and not a soul on board, though she had every appearance of having been occupied immediately before.

The weather was fair and there was a gentle breeze. She was towed into port, but no explanation of the mystery has ever offered itself. One of the uses of studying the surface currents of the seas is for the tracking of derelicts. Often, when a very dangerous one is located, a steamer is sent out to blow it sky high with explosives.

Anecdotes of Thackeray.

Of Thackeray Dean Hole tells some capital stories, says the London Journal in review of those lately published "Reminiscences." The first time he met him was at a dinner at Leech's house. "I was introduced by our host, and for his sake he gave me a cordial greeting. 'We must be about the same height,' he said; 'we'll measure.' And when as we stood dos-a-dos, and the bystanders gave their verdict, 'a dead heat'—the length was six feet three inches—and I had meekly suggested that though there might be no difference in the size of the cases, his contained a Stradivarius and mine a dancing master's kit, we proceeded to talk of giants. He told me of a visit which he paid with Mr. Higgins ("Jacob Omnium"), who was four or five inches the taller of the two—to see a Brobdignagian on show, and how the man at the door had inquired 'whether they were in the business, because, if so, no charge would be made.' And I told him how Sir William Don, when quartered with his regiment at Nottingham, was walking in the market-place, and was met by two mechanics, one of whom thus addressed him: 'Sir William, me and my male 'as got a bet of a quart of ale about yer, and we wants to know yer 'ight;' and Sir William answered: 'My height is six feet seven, and yours is the height of impudence.'"

A Household Remedy.

Allcock's Porous Plasters are the only reliable plasters ever produced. Fragrant, clean, inexpensive and never failing; they fully meet all the requirements of a household remedy, and should always be kept on hand. For the relief and cure of weak back, weak muscles, lameness, stiff or enlarged joints, pains in the chest, small of the back and around the hips, strains, stitches, and all local pains, Allcock's Porous Plasters are unequalled.

Beware of imitations, and do not be deceived by misrepresentation. Ask for Allcock's, and let no solicitation or explanation induce you to accept a substitute.

[illegible]'s Pharmacy, Telephone 477, 28 Calhoun street.

AMONG THE BROTHERHOODS.

What the Various Fraternal Societies Are Doing.

HELPFUL MEMBERS.

In every fraternal society there are several among the members who endeavor to carry out the principles and teachings of the society in their everyday life. They may not become distinguished to that extent that their names are heralded far and wide, but they have the confidence and respect of those who know them best. It is this class of men that makes the world better and society purer. They may be unassuming, may not be what is generally termed ambitious, but such men do not live in vain. Such men take an interest in fraternal societies, and make them what they are, the grandest institutions in existence.

O. U. A. M.

Robert A. Cassidy, of Canton, O., who was elected national councilor of the Order of United American Mechanics at the recent national council meeting at Manchester, N. H., is one of the best known secret society men in Ohio, and his rise in the O. U. A. M. has been remarkable. He joined the order in 1889, when Logan council was instituted in Canton, and in three years' time has held the highest local and State offices, and his elevation to the position of national councilor by unanimous vote is considered an unusual compliment and a recognition of the splendid work of this rather recent acquisition to the order.

ODD FELLOWS.

Ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes is still interested in Odd Fellowship. The noble principles of the order have not been forgotten by this eminent past grand, because of his ascendency to honor and fame. The associations of his early days have still a warm spot in his heart, and he recognizes the meaning of the virtues, fraternity and brotherhood among men. During a recent visit to Baltimore, attending the Prison Congress, he visited Odd Fellows' Hall, felt pleased to meet his brethren, and spent a pleasant hour among them. It is needless to add that the pleasure was mutual.

Medina, Orleans county of this State, is to be a new Rebekah lodge shortly.

The annual receipts of the lodges Pennsylvania aggregate about $1,000,000.

Ohio gained last year 1,731 member and expects to make still a better showing this year.

The new Odd Fellows' building in New Haven is completed. It was occupied Jan. 3. It cost about $90,000 and is a fine structure.

RELIEF CORPS.

The Hartford Times has this to say of the W. R. C.: The annual convention of the Woman's Relief Corps of the state will be held in Norwich, February 23 and 24, 1893. A reception will be given by the retiring officers at Breed's Hall from 7 to 10, Thursday evening, February 23. The inspection just closed has been very thorough and systematic under the supervision of the department inspector and assistants. Weak corps have been encouraged, strong ones urged to even more work, and an impetus given to the great object for which the Woman's Relief Corps was organized. Mrs. Hodge, of this city, who has held the department presidency for two years, will not accept a re-election. Mrs. Augusta B. Hammond, of Rockville, the present senior vice-president, will be advanced to the chief executive office in the department.

A. O. U. W.

The Ancient Order of United Workmen is the parent of beneficiary societies in this country. It was founded at Meadville, Pa., October twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, by John J. Upchurch, by the formation of Jefferson Lodge, No. 1, from which it has grown to a membership of over three hundred thousand. Its growth the past year has been amongst the greatest, since its formation, its net gain being an average of over eighteen hundred members a month.

When a member dies, his beneficiary receives from the order the sum of two thousand dollars, which sum is paid without the deduction of one cent, the lodge of which deceased was a member bearing the expenses of preparing the proofs of death. The special features of the order comprise, a uniform assessment, separate beneficiary jurisdictions and relief law, which together form a system of protection, as nearly perfect as human minds can make it.

Any white male over twenty-one and under fifty years of age, of good moral character and of sound bodily health, can become a member.

The benefits are payable only to relatives of a member or to a dependent friend, and under no circumstances can it be taken for debt, in settling deceased member's estate, so that a member is sure that his dependents will not be left in want in their hour of need. During sickness of a member he is visited by his brethren and is tenderly cared for.

The order is not sectarian nor political, no person being denied admission on account of religious or political belief; in fact, the discussion of the two subjects is forbidden in the lodge room.

Today

Hood's Sarsaparilla stands at the head in the medicine world, admired in prosperity and envied in merit by thousands of would-be competitors. It has a larger sale than any other medicine. Such success could not be won without positive merit.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal. They are the best family cathartic.

The Curling club will contest for a medal tomorrow afternoon.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

MONDAY, JAN. 30.

The Splendid Tragedian.

MR. CHARLES HANFORD,

—AS—

MARC ANTHONY.

—IN—

Shakespeare's Greatest Tragedy.

JULIUS - CÆSAR,

Supported by

MR. E. R. SPENCER, as Cassius.

MR. BENNETT MATLACK, as Brutus.

Presented with all the Original Scenery used by

BOOTH & BARRETT.

Prices, 25c to $1.00.

Seats on Sale at Box Office.

RIDE A COCKHORSE, TO CHICAGO OF COURSE, TO GET, SOME OF SANTA CLAUS SOAP WHICH IS BOSS. ITS MERITS FOR CLEANING AND WASHING THE CLOTHES, ASSURE IT A WELCOME WHEREVER IT GOES.

FAIRBANK'S SANTA CLAUS SOAP IS THE BEST FOR EVERY HOUSEHOLD USE. ALL GROCERS KEEP IT. MADE ONLY BY N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. CHICAGO.

Alaska Fur Co. AMERICA'S FOREMOST FURRIERS. CHICAGO, ILL.

We show more styles in

Sealskin Garments

than all other fur houses in Chicago combined.

Our SOUVENIR CATALOGUE, showing our exclusive styles, mailed on application.

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER, Glassware, Hardware and Sewing Machines. 38 and 40 E. Columbia St. - - Telephone No. 86.

Fruit House Prices for 1893.

There has taken place some remarkable revolutions in the prices of merchandise the past year, and which is most likely to continue for some time to come. As a rule the tendency, with the exception of pork and potatoes, has favored the consumer. Flour is remarkably cheap. With flour at $3.70 per bbl. and potatoes at 90c per bushel, it is easily determined which is the most economical. Flour, in such instances, will be much more used than formerly. As to pork and beef. When pork reaches the price it has now, beef will be more used.

The same rule applies to Teas and Coffees. Coffee has ruled high at least a few years, more from speculation than the scarcity, and the high price has increased very greatly the consumption of Tea, for Teas have not advanced for several years, but rather have declined. The higher grade Teas which formerly sold at $1.00 per lb. can be had for 60c per lb., running down to 25c per lb. But in Teas, the best quality is usually the most satisfactory in the end. Although we sell a good high flavored Young Hyson at 30c lb.

TEA PRICE LIST.

Young Hyson, good, 30c; extra, 40c; best, 50c.	Gunpowder Tea, extra, 50c; best, 60c.
Imperial tea, choice, 35; best, 50c.	Oolong or black tea, good, 30c; extra, 40c; best, 60c
English breakfast, extra, 30c; best, 50c.	Japan, uncolored, 35c; good, 50; best, 50c.

This dust 1 pound packages, 15c.

SUGARS—Orleans and Refined.

The Sugar market has kept very steady. The combination that now controls the market will no doubt keep them about as they are. Prices are so low that no complaints are heard on that head, but people do complain about a system of monopoly which has made it possible for a set of men to control the price of sugar or anything else which the people use, yet this is just what is now being done. The people are absolutely at their mercy and the monopoly can put the price up or down at their pleasure. The only relief to be had from such a state of affairs is not to try and regulate them and control them by such sham measures as inter state commerce, etc. The remedy is to wipe out their charters. This will abolish all such combinations and place mankind on an equal footing. Sugar prices at present are:

New Orleans, good yellow, 4c.	New Orleans, clarified, 5c.
Standard Granulated, 5c.	Crushed and Powdered, 5½c.
White American C, 4½c.	Good Brown Sugar, 4½c.

Coffees Remain at Same Price as Former Report.

Green Rio, 18c; best Rio, 20c.	Choice roasted Rio, loose, per lb., 25c.
Best roasted Rio, in lb. packages, such as Champion, Jersey and McLaughlin's, 25c.	
Old Government Java, green, 27c.	Old Government, roasted, 33.
Rich Arabia Mocha, green, 28c.	Rich Mocha, roasted, 35c.

CANNED GOODS.

Such as Tomatoes and Corn, are higher this season in consequence of the short pack of last season. Other goods no higher.

Standard 3 lb Tomatoes, 10c can.	Standard 2 lb Corn, 10c; best, 12c can.
3 lb can Baltimore Peaches, 20c can.	3 lb choice Pie Peaches, 10c can.
3 lb Pears, 10c can.	String Beans, 8c can.

California Canned Goods and Dried Fruits.

3 pound can California Peaches, best, 25c; Egg Plums, 20c; White Cherries, 25; Apricots, 20c; Green Gages, 20; all in 3 pound cans and most excellent fruit.

California Dried Peaches, 15c; best 18c; best Peeled Peaches, 25; Apricots, 20c; California Raisins, best, 10c and 12½; but we have a No. 1 loose California Raisin, for cooking, at a great bargain, 6c pound.

CANDIES—The Prices Remain as in Last Report.

Pure Stick, 8c lb; Good Extra Mixed French, 8c lb; Bon Bons, very choice, 18c; Chocolate Drops and Jubs, 15 and 20c lb. We have a large assortment and all pure sugar goods.

OILS—Linseed, Castor and Neats Foot.

Best Golden Oil, 20c gal.	Good Machine Oil, 30c gal.
Fish Oil, 25c gal.	Best Castor Oil, $1.25 gal.
Reservoir Oil, 15c gal.	Boiled Linseed Oil, 65c gal.
Coal Oil, 10c gal.	Water White Oil, gal. 15c.

Plug and Smoking Tobacco and Cigars.

Horse Shoe Plug, 45c lb.	J. T. Plug, 38c lb.
A. B. C. Plug, 30c plug.	Bueno Plug, 35c lb.
Durham smoking, 60c lb.	Briar smoking, 35c lb.
Mail Pouch smoking, 25c lb.	Sweet Cong Brand smoking, 60c lb.
Cigars from 40c to $1.25 box.	Harvest [illegible], 40c box.
American Bell, 65c box.	Jim and Philly, $1.25 box.
Clara, 65c box.	Sport, 65c box.
Plantation, $1.25 box.	All good smokers.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.

Best Pure Vermont Maple Syrup, 90c gal.	New Orleans Molasses, 25c; Best, 45c gal.
Extra Golden Drips, 40c gal.	Sorghum, very nice, home made, 40c gal.

Sweet Cider from last fall apples, 25c gal.

Wines and Liquors for Medical Purposes Only.

We handle nothing but Pure Domestic Wines—no Foreign goods.

Kelly Island Catawba, best goods, $1.00 gal.	Port Wine from Kelly Island, $1.25 gal.
California, Angelica, very fine, $1.25 gal.	California, Muscatel, best, $1.25 gal.
Kentucky Bourbon, $2.50 and $3.00 gal.	Alcohol, full proof and pure, $2.75 gal.
Bourbon Extra, two years old, $1.60 and $1.75	Old Rye, $3.00 gal.
Gin and Catawba Brandy, $1.75 gal.	Scotch Ale, London and Dublin Porter, 20c bottle.

Wine in Bottles 35 and 40c bottle.

FLOUR

Never has sold so low as now; the rise will surely take place soon; best lay in an extra barrel or two when there is a chance. You cannot loose anything by it, and you have everything to gain by the market going up.

Best quality Ortl & or City Mills, either in barrels or sacks, $3.70 per bbl.

No. 1 Country Mills Flour, Zanesville Mills, $3.50 per bbl.

People will remember paying 20 years ago, $3.50 for a 50 lb sack, and at $3.70 flour has always been considered away down. Don't be too late in securing a barrel or two at the price, $3.70.

You Will be Sure to Save a Good 20 Per Cent. by Purchasing at

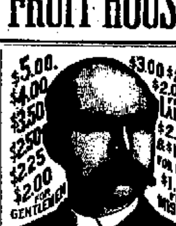
FORT WAYNE FRUIT HOUSE.

DR. WILLIAM BENNER.

BALD and HAIRLESS PEOPLE are no longer obliged TO REMAIN SO.

50 cents to $10.00 will supply the want!

I have discovered a Cure for Baldness and my confidence in it is such that I am willing to make contract in which I ask NO PAY until a CURE is effected. Three applications of this Remedy will cure Dandruff. Address Dr. Wm. Benner, Tiffin, Ohio, or ask your druggist for Dr. Benner's Anti-Chronic Cause and Effect Remedy. This same Remedy is warranted to Cure Catarrh; a single application still will instill confidence, and a speedy cure will result. One application affords instant relief and will also Cure the worst form of Croup. This great Remedy through its merits will find its way to every household. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle sent to any address, charges prepaid, upon receipt of price.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP.

Best Calf Shoe in the world for the price. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold everywhere. Everybody should wear them. It is a duty you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised above, as thousands can testify.

Take No Substitute.

Beware of fraud. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy.

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

I. LEHMAN.

The Paper on Which "The Sentinel is Printed is Furnished by FISHER BROTHERS., Manufacturers and Jobbers of ++P-A-P-E-R++ of all Kinds. STATIONARY, ETC. 125 CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

PAUL E. WOLF, UPHOLSTERER OF Fine Parlor Suits, Easy Chairs, Rockers, Single Lounges, Bed Lounges, All kinds of Couches, And Sofas. Nos. 33 and 35 Clinton St. Telephone No. 404. Fort Wayne, Ind.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time as follows:

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

From Ft. Wayne to	Leave	Arrive
Valparaiso and Chicago	*1.25 a m	*5.40 a m
New York and Washington	*3.30 a m	*1.15 a m
Youngstown & Pittsburg	*3.30 a m	*1.15 a m
Lima and Crestline	†7.00 a m	†5.40 p m
Valparaiso and Chicago	†7.00 a m	†12.30 p m
Pittsburg and Chicago	*5.10 a m	*4.20 p m
Valparaiso and Chicago	†12.10 p m	†11.30 p m
Canton and Pittsburg	†12.40 p m	†12.30 p m
New York & Washington	*1.05 p m	†5.40 a m
Pittsburg & Philadelphia	*4.20 p m	*5.40 a m
Warsaw and Plymouth	*4.30 p m	*5.45 a m
Valparaiso and Chicago	*5.05 p m	*7.20 a m
New York & Washington	*8.00 p m	*4.55 p m
Pittsburg & Philadelphia	*6.00 p m	*4.25 p m
New York & Washington	*5.40 p m	*7.40 a m
Pittsburg & Philadelphia	*9.10 p m	*7.40 a m
Valparaiso & Chicago, ex. except Mon.		1.55 a m

CINCINNATI, WABASH & MICHIGAN RY. (The Kibbell Line.)

Trains leave Wabash going north.	Trains leave Wabash going south.
No. 1, 8.25 p m	No. 2, 11.20 p m
No. 3, 11.50 a m	No. 4, 7.25 a m
	No. 6, 8.40 a m

W. P. BALDWIN, G. P. and T. A. *Sunday only. WABASH, IND.

TIME TABLE

THE WABASH LINE

TRUNK LINE CARRYING PASSENGERS [illegible]

FORT WAYNE. [illegible]

[illegible]

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

[illegible]

NICKEL PLATE. The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R.R.

[illegible]

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

[illegible]

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN [illegible]

[illegible]

FT. W., C. & L. R. R.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

[illegible]

NOBBY Fall - Styles —IN— Worsted Suitings, Scotch Cheviots. Landau Novelties in Fine Trowserings, Fancy Vestings. Fall and Winter Overcoatings at A. FOSTER, 15 West Wayne Street.

ESTABLISHED 1845

J. C. PELTIER, 17 W. Wayne St. Office Telephone, No. 31. Residence Telephone, No. 16

ROBERT SPICE. WATERWORKS AND GENERAL - PLUMBING! Natural Gas Fitting. A full line of waterworks and plumbing goods, Pumps, Wind Mills and Drive Wells. 48 W. Main St. - Telephone 261

E. KRAMER, SIGN PAINTER, 90 EAST MAIN STREET. Plain and Fancy work. [illegible]

Larger Quarters. Better Accommodations —AND— More Private.

THE BUFFINGTON INSTITUTE, For the cure of Liquor, Morphine and Tobacco Habit, Has been moved to 544 South Calhoun St.

Where patients can be treated and cured. Any one can be treated and attend to their daily occupation at the same time.

Men that have been slaves to the use of alcoholic stimulants for the past ten, fifteen or twenty years, have no desire for whisky after taking the treatement for from thirty-six to forty-eight hours, and have a fearful horror for the miserable fate they have escaped.

Call or address,

BUFFINGTON INSTITUTE, FORT WAYNE, IND.

I have removed to Corner Lewis and Calhoun Streets (opposite Library Hall).

James Madden, Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as trustee of Adolph Schulte, will on Tuesday, February 7 1893, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., and from day to day thereafter between the same hours until sold, at No. 144 South Calhoun street, in the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, sell at public sale, the entire stock of hardware, tinware, glass, paints, oils and other articles of property, including store fixtures, stoves, furniture, etc. situate in said building, property which was assigned by said Adolph Schulte to me, as Trustee, which property will be sold in bulk or parcels.

Terms of Sale—Cash or upon credit, for a period not exceeding one year, purchasers executing for purchase money notes with approved sureties, waiving valuation and appraisement laws, bearing six per cent. interest from date.

[illegible]

One-third cash, one-third in six months and one-third in one year. For deferred payments purchaser to execute notes with approved security, bearing six per cent interest.

Jan. 5, 1893. M. A. [illegible], Assignee.

Sheriff's Sale.

Execution No. 12,594.

In the Allen Circuit Court, State of Indiana. Henry C. Fischer and Christian H. Schnitker vs. Philip Kuhn, Barbara Kuhn, Joseph A. [illegible], Louis Buecker and John Buecker.

By virtue of an order of sale to me directed and delivered by the clerk of said court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in said county, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of the 4th day of February, 1893, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described premises, viz:

Lots numbered nineteen (19), twenty-two (22), and one hundred and three (103) Fletcher's addition to the city of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana.

And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the fee simple of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said order of sale.

EDWARD F. CLAUSMEIER, Sheriff Allen County.

A. H. Bittinger, attorney.

Sheriff's Sale.

Execution No. 12,691.

In the Allen Circuit Court, State of Indiana. Mary Meyer vs. John B. Meyer.

By virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of said court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in said county, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of the 18th day of February, 1893, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described premises, viz:

The west half of out lot number six (6), Lillie's out lots being in section twelve (12), township thirty (30) north, range twelve (12) east, in Allen county, Indiana.

And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the fee simple of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant, to satisfy said execution.

EDWARD F. CLAUSMEIER, Sheriff Allen County.

C. W. Edsall, attorney.

FOR RENT! After January 1st, 1893. For a Period of Five Or Ten Years. The Five-Story Building next door to the Sentinel Office, on Calhoun St., Occupied by J. A. Armstrong, as a Wholesale Millinery Store. CALL AT SENTINEL OFFICE

ROBERT OGDEN. Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting. Metropolitan Automatic Injector. General Repairing. 26 EAST BERRY ST.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON, PLUMBERS, Steam and Gas Fitter 48 East Main St., FORT WAYNE, IND.